

MBD Model Test Paper- I

Class-X Social Science

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 80

General Instructions:

All questions are compulsory.

- Questions from serial numbers 1 to 7 are Very Short Answer Type Questions (VSATQ). Each question carries **one mark**.
- Questions from serial number 8 to 18 are Short Answer Type Questions (SATQ). Each question carries **three marks**. Answers of these questions should not exceed **80 words** each.
- Questions from serial number 19 to 25 are Long Answer Type Questions (LATQ). Answer to these questions should not exceed **100 words** each. Each question carries **five marks**.
- Question number 26 is a map questions from history and Geography of 5 marks having 5 items carrying **one mark** each.
- Question number 28 is a map question of **three marks** from geography.
- For Q. No. 26 (map based question) one outline political map India is provided. After completion, attach the map inside your answer book.
- Questions at serial number –20, 22, 24 and 25 have internal choice. Attempt any one option out of the given in each of these questions.

1. What is calligraphy? (1)

Or

What do you understand by the term 'epistolary novel'?

2. Where is the Bhakra Nangal Dam located? (1)

3. What is the difference between Sri Lankan Tamils and Indian Tamils? (1)

4. When was MGNREGA launched? (1)

5. What is money? (1)

6. What are the two main indicator for measuring the economic development of a country? (1)

7. "Service sector employ two different kinds of people" who are these. (1)

8. Who formed the 'Swraj Party' and why? (3)

9. What did the publishers do to persuade the people to welcome printed books in the 19th century? (3)

Or

How did the social changes in Britain lead to an increase in the number of women readers?

10. Write in brief about Erasmus' idea of printed book. (3)

Or

Why after 1740, the readership of novels began to include poor people? Give three reasons.

11. What is the impact of technology on the availability of food? (3)

Or

Why did some industrialist in Europe prefer manual labour over machines in 19th century?

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Or

Why well of Londoners support the need to build housing for the poor in 19th century?

12. Why conservation of resources is necessary? Give three reasons. (3)
13. Discuss the geographical condition required for rice and wheat cultivation. (3)
14. How are social divisions reflected in a democratic country? Explain. (3)
15. What are coming together federation and holding together federation. (3)
16. Describe the challenges faced by democracy in contemporary world. (3)
17. What should India do to become a developed country? (3)
18. Explain the following terms: (i) Infant Mortality Rate (ii) Literacy Rate (iii) Net Attendance Ratio (3)
19. Briefly trace the process of German unification. (5)

Or

Why did the government make the Saigon Native girls school take back the students it had expelled?

20. Why is the sugar industry shifting towards Southern India? (5)

Or

Describe the location and distribution of cotton textile industry in India.

21. Why is air transport more useful now-a-days? (5)
22. What outcomes can be expected from a democracy? Discuss. (5)

Or

Explain with an example how democracy ensures dignity and freedom of citizens.

23. "Political parties play a major role in democracy". Give reasons to justify this statement. (5)
24. 'Workers are exploited in the unorganised sector'. Do you agree with this view? Give reasons. (5)

Or

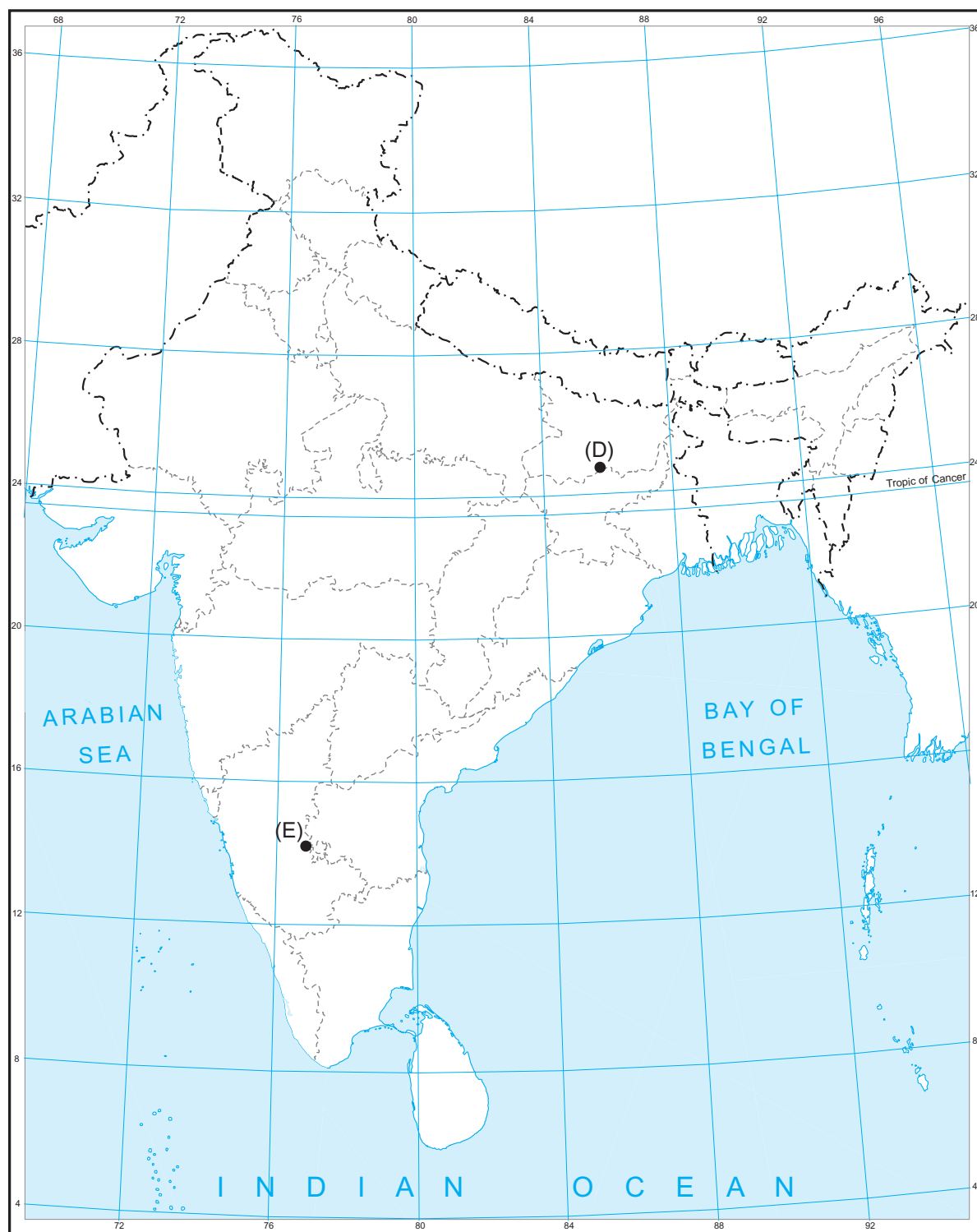
How disguised and technical unemployment different from each other? Explain with examples.

25. Discuss the impact of globalisation on Indian workers. (5)

Or

Explain the various measures taken for globalisation.

26. Locate and label A, B and C, and identify D and E in the given outline map. (1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 5)
 (A) The place of the Indian National Congress session (September, 1920.)
 (B) The place of the movement of indigo planters.
 (C) Harduaganj Thermal Power Plant
 (D) Mica mine
 (E) Iron ore mine



MBD Model Test Paper - 2

Class-X Social Science

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 80

General Instructions: Same as in Model Test Paper – I.

1. What were penny chapbooks? (1)

Or

Mention the main theme of 'Oliver Twist' written by Charles Dickens.

2. Give the meaning of the term 'resource'. (1)
3. How is power divided in a federal government? (1)
4. When was WTO set up? (1)
5. Among Punjab, Kerala and Bihar, which one has the lowest infant mortality rate? (1)
6. How does RTI help the citizens? (1)
7. When was COPRA enacted? (1)
8. "Some icons and symbols were used for unifying the people and inspiring within them the feeling of nationalism". Give evidence in support of your answer. (3)
9. Explain how the global transfer of disease in the pre-modern world helped in the colonisation of America. (3)

Or

Explain by giving three reasons why the European industrialists preferred manual labour over machines during the 19th century.

Or

Explain the reasons for the expansion of Bombay's population in the mid-18th century.

10. Explain features of handwritten manuscripts before the age of print in India. (3)

Or

'Novels were useful for both the colonial administrators and Indians in colonial India.' Support the statement with examples.

11. What was the role of women in the anti-imperial struggle in Vietnam? Compare their role with the role of women in the nationalist struggle in India. (3)

Or

Who were gomastha? What was the role of gomastha under the East India Company?

Or

What was referred to as the 'iron monster' in London? Explain with an example.

12. Describe the geographical conditions required for the growth of sugarcane and tea. Mention two important producing states of each. (3)
13. Suggest any three ways to conserve water. (3)
14. Political parties play a major role in democracy. Give reasons to justify the statement. (3)
15. 'Caste can take various forms in politics.' Describe. (3)
16. What is the rationale behind decentralisation of power in India? (3)
17. In what respect, the criterion used by the UNDP for measuring development is different from the one used by the World Bank? (3)
18. Why is money transaction system better than barter system? Explain with example. (3)

19. How were the conservative regimes set up in 1815 autocratic in nature? Give three points. (5)

Or

Describe the role of religious groups in the development of anti-colonial feeling in Vietnam by citing any three instances.

20. How do industries pollute the environment? Explain by giving reasons. (5)

Or

Explain any five factors which influence industrial location.

21. The Great Plains have more railways than the Himalayan Mountains. Why? (5)

22. How is communalism a hindrance in the functioning of our democracy? Explain. (5)

Or

'Caste system cannot be separated from Indian politics.' Justify the statement.

23. Why do people prefer democracy? Explain reasons. (5)

24. Distinguish between organised and unorganised sectors of economy. (5)

Or

Explain four reasons which are responsible for increasing the importance of tertiary sector in India.

25. Critically examine the influence of globalisation on the Indian economy. (5)

Or

Why did the Indian government lift trade barrier in 1991?

26. Locate and label A, B and C, and identify D and E in the given outline political map India. (1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 5)

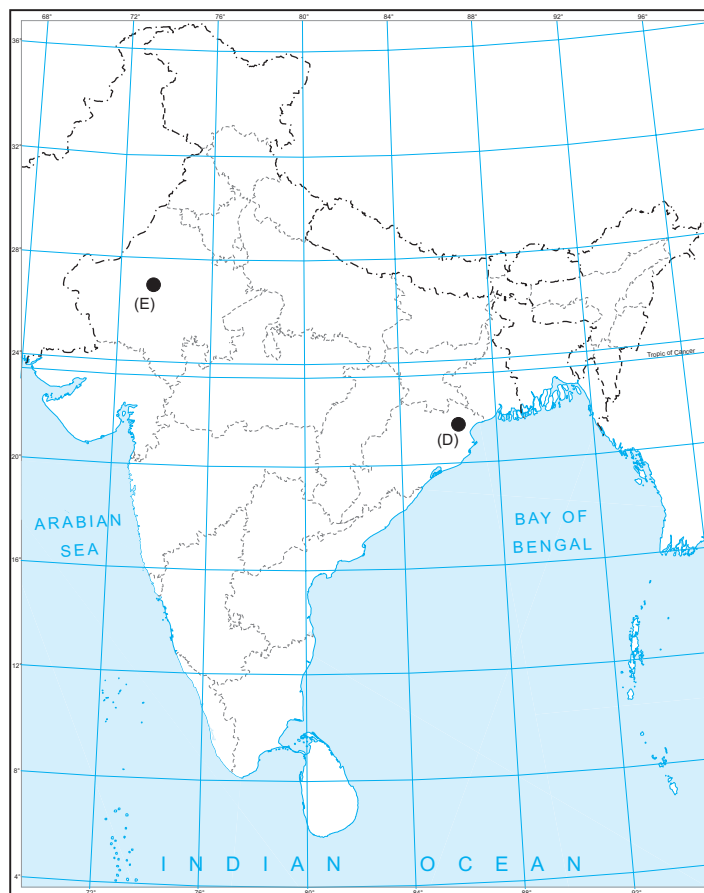
(A) The place where INC session was held in September 1920.

(B) The place where peasants Satyagraha was held in Gujarat.

(C) Tarapur Nuclear Power Plant

(D) Iron ore mine

(E) Mica mine



MBD Model Test Paper - 3

Class-X Social Science

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 80

General Instructions: Same as in Model Test Paper – I.

1. Who were scribes? (1)

Or

What is an epic?

2. 'Agricultural development is a pre-condition of our national prosperity.' Give two reasons to explain the statement. (1)
3. Define the concept of 'ethnic nationalism'. (1)
4. When is the World Consumer Rights Day celebrated? (1)
5. Define Human Development Index (HDI). (1)
6. According to the World Bank, classify the countries of the world into two groups on the basis of per capita income. (1)
7. Suggest one way to resolve the problem of underemployment in rural areas. (1)
8. How did economic exploitation of India arise national consciousness among Indians in the late-19th century? (3)
9. 'The indentured labour gave rise to a new culture in the Caribbean.' Justify the statement with examples. (3)

Or

Analyse any three measures adopted by producers in India to expand their market in the 19th century.

Or

Discuss the steps taken to clean up London in the 19th century?

10. Mention any three innovations and developments made in printing technology from the late-18th century till the early-20th century. (3)

Or

Explain briefly the contents of Advaita Malla Burman's novel 'Titash Ekti Nadir Naam'.

11. Why were caricatures and cartoons being published in journals and newspapers in mid-19th century? (3)

Or

Why is Charles Dickens known as one of the greatest novelists of history? Explain by giving three argument.

12. 'The land under cultivation has reduced and the production of foodgrains has become stagnant'. Can you imagine its consequences. (3)
13. "Both industry and agriculture go hand in hand". Explain the statement by giving three reasons. (3)

14. State one prudential reason and one moral reason for power sharing with an example from the Indian context. (3)
15. Explain different ways in which a federation can be formed. (3)
16. 'Some people conclude that politics and social divisions should not be allowed to mix.' Support this statement with arguments. (3)
17. What is disguised unemployment? In which sector is disguised unemployment more prevalent? (3)
18. Explain the need for consumer consciousness. (3)
19. When did the first clear cut expression of nationalism come in France? How did the French Revolution lead to the transfer of sovereignty from the monarchy to a body of French citizens? Explain any three measures taken by the French revolutionaries in this regard. (5)

Or

Explain the contribution made by the French in the development of agriculture in Vietnam.

20. Discuss how rainwater harvesting is carried out in semi-arid regions of Rajasthan. (5)

Or

Discuss the important issues involved in the construction of dams.

21. Why is air transport more popular in north-eastern part of the country? Give reasons. (5)
22. How are complaints treated as testimony to the success of a democracy? Explain. (5)

Or

How democracy can be politically reformed?

23. State the various functions political parties perform in a democracy. (5)
24. "Money in your pocket cannot buy all goods and services that you need to live well". Support your answer with appropriate reasons. (5)

Or

How does the use of money make exchange of things easier? Explain with examples.

25. Describe the various duties of a consumer. (5)

Or

Describe the rights enjoyed by the consumer in India.

26. Locate and label A, B, C and D, and identify E in the given outline political map of India: (1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 5)
- (A) A place where INC session of the year 1920 was held
- (B) The place where indigo planters movement occurred.
- (C) Vijaywada Thermal Power Plant
- (D) Kaiga Nuclear Power Plant
- (E) A coal mine



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